

EXECUTIVE 18th January 2024

Report Title	Budget Forecast 2023-24 at Period 8
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Lead Member	Councillor Lloyd Bunday, Executive Member for Finance and Transformation

Key Decision	☐ Yes	⊠ No
Is the decision eligible for call-in by Scrutiny?	☐ Yes	⊠ No
Are there public sector equality duty implications?	☐ Yes	⊠ No
Does the report contain confidential or exempt information (whether in appendices or not)?	☐ Yes	⊠ No
Applicable paragraph number for exemption from publication under Schedule 12A Local Government Act 1974		

List of Appendices

Appendix A – Savings Schedule

1. Purpose of Report

- 1.1. The revenue budgets (2023/24) and Medium-Term Financial Plans for North Northamptonshire Council for the General Fund and the Housing Revenue Account were approved by Council at its meeting on 23rd February 2023. The purpose of this report is to set out the forecast outturn position for the Council for 2023/24 for the General Fund the Housing Revenue Account and the Dedicated Schools Grant.
- 1.2. This monitoring report sets out the material financial issues identified since the 2023/24 budget was set, based on the income and expenditure as at the end of November 2023 (Period 8) and reflects the views of the Assistant Directors and budget managers within the Directorates.
- 1.3. As part of the ongoing monitoring process, work will continue to examine income and expenditure and activity data, against the available budgets to support the position presented and help to shape the medium-term financial plan.

2. Executive Summary

- 2.1 This report provides commentary on the Council's forecast for the revenue outturn position 2023/24. This is an early indication based on information available as at Period 8 (November 2023) the forecast position for each of the funds is as follows:
 - General Fund overspend of £8.552m (Period 7 £6.198m).
 - Housing Revenue Account overspend of £121k (Period 7 £185k).
 - Dedicated Schools Grant is forecasting a pressure of £9.019m (Period 7 - £8.598m).
- 2.2 The forecast is based on the emerging data for 2023/24 and the Council will continue to assess and refine the position on a regular basis using the latest intelligence available. The forecast presented in this report is based on the best available data and information of the operations of the Council and represents the view of the Budget Holders and Directors.
- 2.3 In order to help safeguard the financial position of the Council, officers will continue to seek efficiencies in year to offset the forecast overspend. The Council has a contingency budget and reserves available to call on to help fund in-year pressures, however, it will look to achieve alternative mitigations in the first instance before these are applied.
- 2.4 National factors continue to be challenging and the Council, like its residents and businesses are facing inflationary pressures which impacts on the cost of services with CPI in November 2023 at 3.9%. UK interest rates were left unchanged for the third consecutive time at 5.25% following the meeting on 14th December 2023. Interest rates were already at their highest for 15 years. The Bank of England had previously raised rates for the past 14 times in a row.

3. Recommendations

- 3.1 It is recommended that the Executive:
 - a) Note the Council's forecast outturn position for 2023/24 as summarised in Section 4, alongside the further analysis, risks and other considerations as set out in Section 5 to Section 7 of the report.
 - b) Note the assessment of the current deliverability of the 2023/24 savings proposals in **Appendix A**.
- 3.2 Reason for Recommendations to note the forecast financial position for 2023/24 as at Period 8 and consider the impact on this year and future years budgets.
- 3.3 Alternative Options Considered: The report focuses on the forecast revenue outturn against budget for 2023/24 and makes recommendations for the Executive to note the current budgetary position as such there are no specific choices within the report.

4. Report Background

General Fund

4.1 The Council's Revenue Budget for 2023/24 was set at the Council meeting on 23rd February 2023. The overall outturn forecast for the <u>General Fund</u> for 2023/24, as at Period 8 is a forecast overspend of £8.552m (Period 7 - £6.198m) against a budget of £339.034m. This is summarised in the Table below.

General Fund Forecast Outtur				
Description	Net Budget	Forecast Position 31/03/24	Forecast Variance 31/03/24	Forecast Variance 31/03/24
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Net Available Resources	339,034	341,700	(2,666)	(0.79)
Total Corporate Costs	23,079	14,451	(8,628)	(37.38)
Children & Education	70,187	82,383	12,196	17.38
Adults, Health, Partnerships and	126,182	137,062	10,880	8.62
Housing				
Public Health & Communities	8,999	8,739	(260)	(2.89)
Place & Economy	70,436	68,975	(1,461)	(2.07)
Enabling & Support Services	40,151	38,642	(1,509)	(3.76)
Total Directorate Costs	315,955	335,801	19,846	6.28
Total Costs	339,034	350,252	11,218	3.31
Net Position	0	8,552	8,552	1.00

Note - Favourable variances are shown in brackets.

4.2 The forecast position at Period 8 is an overspend of £8.552m (Period 7 - £6.198m). The following table summarises the overspend.

	Report Ref	Net Budget	P7 Forecast	Movement in Forecast	P8 For	ecast
		£000	£000	£000	£000	%
Children & Education		70,187	11,725	471	12,196	17.38
Assistant Director of	5.14					
Education	3.14	5,793	1,165	0	1,165	20.11
Commissioning &	5.16					
Partnerships	3.10	1,114	178	0	178	15.98
Northamptonshire						
Childrens Trust - NNC	5.19					
Only		63,280	10,382	471	10,853	17.15
Adults, Health,						
Partnerships & Housing		126,182	6,479	4,401	10,880	8.62
Adult Services	5.33	99,897	6,884	4,401	11,285	11.30
Safeguarding and	5.36					
Wellbeing	3.30	9,901	178	0	178	1.80
Commissioning &	5.38					
Performance	3.30	13,677	(983)	0	(983)	0.00
Strategic Housing,						
Development and Property	5.40					
Services		2,707	400	0	400	14.78
Public Health &						
Communities		8,999	(260)	0	(260)	0.00
Public Health	5.43	0	0	0	0	0.00
Communities & Leisure	5.46	8,999	(260)	0	(260)	0.00
Place & Economy		70,436	(1,509)	48	(1,461)	0.00
Assets & Environment	5.49	4,050	(1,080)	1	(1,079)	0.00
Growth and Regeneration	5.51	4,602	114	0	114	2.48
Highways & Waste	5.53	57,882	(315)	47	(268)	0.00
Regulatory Services	5.55	3,237	(294)	0	(294)	0.00
Directorate Management	5.57	665	66	0	66	9.92
Enabling & Support		40.454	(4.24.4)	(405)	/4 E00\	
Services		40,151	(1,314)	(195)	(1,509)	0.00
Finance & Performance	5.58	16,967	(1,343)	(75)	(1,418)	0.00
Chief Executive's Office	5.60	1,366	(378)	(76)	(454)	0.00
Chief Infromation Officer	5.62	10,405	298	0	298	2.86
Human Resources	5.64	3,932	(50)	0	(50)	0.00
Legal & Democratic Services	5.66	5,251	300	0	300	5.71
Customer Services	5.68	2,230	(141)	(44)	(185)	0.00
Available Resources	4.50	0	(2,666)	Ò	(2,666)	0.00
Corporate Costs	5.2	23,079	(6,257)	(2,371)	(8,628)	0.00
Total		339,034	6,198	2,354	8,552	2.52

Note - Favourable variances are shown in brackets.

4.3 The net budget was increased by £482k from £336.590m in Period 2 to £337.072m in Period 3. This reflects the use of the Climate Change reserve to support the development and operation of climate change projects and initiatives which was approved by the Executive at the meeting on 12th July 2023.

- 4.4 The net budget was increased in Period 6 by £1.962m from £337.032m to £339.034m. This reflects the use of the Transformation Reserve to fund the Education Case Management System (£1,362m) and the Development and Regulatory Case Management System (£600k).
- 4.5 It is estimated that Business Rates income for 2023/24 is £2.666m above the original budget, this was reflected in the Period 7 monitoring and is unchanged in Period 8 and results in the resources line increasing from £339.034m to £341.700m.

Housing Revenue Account

- 4.6 The Housing Revenue Account (HRA) is a separate ring-fenced account within the Council for the income and expenditure associated with its housing stock. The HRA does not directly impact on the Council's wider General Fund budget or on the level of council tax. Income to the HRA is primarily received through the rents and other charges paid by tenants and leaseholders.
- 4.7 Within North Northamptonshire prior to 1st April 2021 there were two HRA accounts, covering the sovereign Councils of Kettering and Corby respectively. As part of the move to a single unitary council for North Northamptonshire, there was a statutory requirement to create a single HRA for the area. Whilst North Northamptonshire Council must only operate one HRA it will, for a period of time, operate two separate Neighbourhood Accounts, these being:
 - the Corby Neighbourhood Account responsible for the stock that was managed by Corby Borough Council and
 - the Kettering Neighbourhood Account responsible for the stock that was managed by Kettering Borough Council.
- 4.8 The Council's overall outturn forecast for the <u>Housing Revenue Account</u> as at Period 8, is a forecast overspend of £121k (Period 7 £185k overspend) against the approved budget of £38.752m. This is summarised in the table below and further details are set out in Section 6. It is important to note that this is subject to continual review.

Housing Revenue Account Foreca	ast Outturn 202	3/24		
		Budget		
Directorate	Expenditure	P8 Forecast Variance at 31/03/24		
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Corby Neigbourhood Account	21,481	(21,481)	0	(158)
Kettering Neighbourhood Account	17,271	(17,271)	0	279
Net Position 2023/24 (under)/over	38,752	(38,752)	0	121
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Dedicated Schools Grant

4.9 The Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) is a ringfenced grant allocated to Local Authorities by the government to support a range of education related services.

4.10 The Council's overall outturn forecast for the DSG as at Period 8, is a forecast pressure of £9.019m (Period 7 - £8.598m) the Net Spend is forecast to be £129.682m against the approved budget of £120.663m. This is summarised in the table below and further details are set out in Section 7. It is important to note that this is subject to continual review.

Dedicated Schools Gr	rants Foreca	ast Outturn 202	23/24					
Block	Gross Budget	July DSG Allocation Adjustment	Revised Budget	Recoupment	Net Budget	Forecast Net Spend	Variance	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Schools Block	270,284	0	270,284	222,910	47,374	47,374	0	
Central Schools Block	3,287	0	3,287	0	3,287	3,287	0	
High Needs Block	57,851	74	57,925	11,082	46,843	55,862	9,019	
Early Year Block	23,541	(382)	23,159	0	23,159	23,159	0	
Total	354,963	(308)	354,655	233,992	120,663	129,682	9,019	

National Context

- 4.11 The national, and indeed the global, economy continues to see significant inflationary pressures, with energy prices pushed to record levels, which in turn has contributed to high inflation. The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) of the Bank of England has taken action to get inflation under control; this in part has resulted in higher interest rates.
- 4.12 The Bank of England kept the Base Rate unchanged at 5.25% on 14th December 2023. There had previously been fourteen consecutive increases since December 2021 and the rate is at its highest level for 15 years (February 2008 5.25%).
- 4.13 The inflation figures for November 2023 are lower than in October 2023 the 12-month CPI figure for November is 3.9% (October 4.6%) and the 12-month RPI figure for November is 5.3% (October 6.1%).
- 4.14 Councils like most organisations have experienced the impact of significant price rises, particularly around fuel and energy costs (for example, the street lighting PFI). A number of services are provided under contract, and the Authority is experiencing some pressure from suppliers regarding current arrangements and any new contracts entered in to. As part of the budget setting for 2023/24, the Council included growth to address forecast inflationary increases in light of the position known at the time.
- 4.15 Further risk to Local Government funding comes from the high street as individuals have less disposable income and businesses face higher energy and supply costs. This poses a risk for the Council's future income generation from business rates should businesses cease to trade. It may also see more people seeking to access Council Tax Support and other financial support which could reduce the overall Council Tax yield. The continued increases in interest rates also have an impact on the number of new homes that are being occupied which can also have an adverse impact on the Council Tax yield.

- 4.16 Alongside this there is a recognition that the demand for services may increase which will need to be taken into account as part of financial and service planning.
- 4.17 The context of the national and global economy along with potential changes to the local government financial landscape in the future through reforms are key considerations for the Council.

5. Overview of Forecast Position 2023/24

Available Resources and Corporate Costs

5.1 The Council is responsible for the collection of local taxes (Council Tax and Business Rates). At the end of November 2023 75.30% of Council Tax had been collected (November 2022 – 75.81%). Business Rates collection was 75.32% at the end of November 2023 (November 2022 – 75.44%).

Corporate Resources

5.2 The total net budget for Corporate Resources is £23.079m. The composition of the budget together with the forecast variances are shown in the following Table.

Description	Net Budget	P8 Forecast Variance	
£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Corporate Contingency	1,524	0	0.00
Minimum Revenue Provision	7,970	0	
(MRP)			0.00
Pay Contingency	1,406	(1,406)	(100.00)
Pay and Grading Review	2,479	(2,066)	(83.34)
Treasury	8,830	(5,156)	(58.39)
Bad Debts Provision	870	0	0.00
Total	23,079	(8,628)	(37.38)

- 5.3 The Council's Corporate Contingency Budget for 2023/24 was £3.746m, which represents around 1% of the net budget. The contingency budget is held to meet unknown or unplanned / unbudgeted costs. The recent pay award has resulted in a pressure of £2.222m this has been funded from the Contingency Budget leaving a balance of £1.524m. At this stage the Contingency Budget is currently assumed to be used in full during the year and this will include inflationary and demand pressures.
- 5.4 The Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) reflects the minimum amount a Council must charge to the revenue budget each year to set aside a provision for repaying borrowing. This has been calculated as £7.970m which was an increase of £1.538m from 2022/23 and ensures that the provision is aligned to the MRP policy moving into the medium term.
- 5.5 The Council had set aside £5.708m in 2023-24 as a Pay Contingency to allow for annual increments and potential pay changes of 4%, as detailed at Section 5.3 the additional pressure from the payaward of £2.222m will be funded

through the Corporate Contingency Budget. This budget has been allocated to services in Period 8 to meet the increase costs. The annual increments have been charged across the authority and the cost of this has been absorbed through existing budgets, resulting in a saving within the overall Pay Contingency of £1.406m.

- 5.6 Additionally, a pressure of £2.479m was included in the 2023-24 budget, which reflected the initial costings for the implementation of the Pay and Grading review for staff recruited to interim contracts with North Northamptonshire Council, which is predominantly staff that have been appointed since 1st April 2021. Other staff transferred across to the new unitary authority on their existing terms and conditions through TUPE arrangements. The proposals for the new pay and grading structure are yet to be agreed, however the budget reflected the cost for a full year. It is now anticipated that this would not be implemented until February 2024, savings of £2.066m have been reflected in the Period 8 monitoring which is equivalent the costs over a 10-month period.
- 5.7 The net Treasury Management Budget for 2023/24 is £8.830m. The composition of the budget and the forecast outturn is as follows:

Description	Net Budget	P7
		Forecast Variance
£'000	£'000	£'000
Investment Income	(3,173)	(5,810)
Borrowing Costs	11,273	0
Other Treasury Management		
costs	730	654
Total	8,830	(5,156)

- 5.8 The movement for investment income reflects the increase in the Bank of England base rate on future investments and is based on an average cash balance of £175.6m at a weighted average rate of 5.04% for a full year. This offsets the additional pressure of £654k, relating to increased bank charges of £232k, unrealised internal interest income of £267k and recovery of debt management expenses of £155k.
- 5.9 If interest rates remain high over the longer term this will also create risk in relation to acquiring new loans to finance future capital programmes. The current PWLB rate for borrowing over a 30-year period is around 5.50%, for every £1m borrowed this would be an additional interest payable of £55,000.
- 5.10 There continues to be risks around the overall cash and loan position for North Northamptonshire, not only from a volatile marketplace, but also due to the outstanding legacy audits for 2020/21 and the disaggregation of the opening position from Northamptonshire County Council. Any changes in these risks and balances will be reflected in future forecasts.
- 5.11 The bad debt provision for 2023/24 amounts to £870k the bad debts position is based on the age of the debt which reflects the risks associated with the collection of the debt and is forecast to be delivered on budget.

Directorate Budgets

5.12 This section of the report provides an analysis of the forecast variations against the 2023/24 General Fund for each of the Directorates as set out in the table at paragraph 4.2.

Children's Services Directorate

5.13 The budget for Children's and Education Services includes the Commissioning and Partnerships including Northamptonshire Children's Trust and Education Services not funded by the Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG).

Assistant Director of Education

5.14 The **Assistant Director of Education** is responsible for all learning, pupil attainment and achievement and school improvement functions. The forecast outturn position for the **Assistant Director of Education** is set out in the following table (Period 7 - £1.165m).

Assistant Director of Education	£'000
Expenditure	10,156
Income	(4,363)
Net Budget	5,793
Forecast	6,958
Variance	1,165

5.15 The forecast variance relating to the **Assistant Director of Education** is set out in the following Table and explanations for the variances are provided in the table below.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast Variance	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	8,569	1,548	18.07
2	Supplies and Services	1,259	(196)	(15.57)
3	Income	(4,363)	(299)	6.85
4	Other budgets	328	112	34.15
	Total	5,793	1,165	20.11

1) The budget pressure within Education Services predominantly relates to staffing costs. The Education Health and Care (EHC) service is continuing to rely heavily on interim workers to fulfil its statutory obligations. This is due to an increasing level of need, a high number of vacancies, and backlog of historic assessments. The service has started to gradually phase out the existing agency staff from July 2023. The service is making effort to fill all the vacant posts before the financial year-end. Also, the initiative to upskill the existing staff remains the service's priority in ensuring the future needs of children, young people and their families can be met. Whilst there are service areas with substantial amount of savings on salaries, particularly Educational Entitlement (£99k), Governance (£177k), Specialist Support (£340k), the

- salary budget forecast pressure in EHC (£1.591m), Strategic Planning (£522k) and other service areas (£51k) results in a net pressure of £1.548m.
- 2) The forecast underspend for supplies and services of £196k relates to the reduced forecast spend on professional fees and hired services (£113k) and external legal fees (£53k) in Strategic Planning and Education Health Care service areas, respectively. In addition, there are other net minor savings of £30k. The Strategic Planning is one of the service areas contributing to the significant forecast overspend of £1.548m on salaries. As such, the forecast underspend of £113k will be used to partly mitigate the service's salary budget pressure.
- 3) Income has a forecast net benefit of £299k of which £338k relates to Teachers' Pension. The budget was set at £468k, while the forecast DSG contribution is £806k. Also, the School Improvement Monitoring and Brokering grant has now ceased, leaving the service with a pressure of £227k. Additionally, the EHC team is benefiting from the use of the residual Contain Outbreak Management Fund (COMF) of £220k. The funding will partly mitigate the staffing pressure associated with support to the most vulnerable Children and Young People. There are other net minor pressures of £32k across the services.
- 4) In respect of the other budget areas, there is a pressure of £112k. There has been an increase in the spend against Educational Psychologist Trainees and the service is anticipating an increased bursaries payment to the respective cohort, resulting in a pressure of £45k. There are other net pressures of £67k, of which £84k relates to internal contributions and recharges that are not practically chargeable since the disaggregation of the budget between the North and the West.

Assistant Director Commissioning and Partnerships

- 5.16 The Assistant Director of Commissioning and Partnerships leads the commissioning functions for Children's Services across North Northamptonshire and the contract management of the Northamptonshire Children's Trust and the commissioning of education services. The Children's and Education Services remaining with the Council includes the Intelligent Client Function (ICF) for the Northamptonshire Children's Trust and the Local Authority statutory education functions as follows:
 - Education Inclusion
 - Education Psychology
 - Support for children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND)
 - School Improvement
 - Virtual Schools (lead in the North Northamptonshire Unitary Authority)
 - School admissions and school place planning
 - Early Education and Childcare
- 5.17 The forecast outturn position for the **Assistant Director of Commissioning** and **Partnerships** (excluding the Children's Trust) is set out in the following Table (Period 7 £178k)

Assistant Director of Commissioning and Partnerships	£'000
Expenditure	1,261
Income	(145)
Net Budget	1,114
Forecast	1,292
Variance	178

5.18 The forecast variance relating to the **Assistant Director Commissioning and Partnerships** (excluding the Children's Trust) is set out in following Table and explanations for the variances are provided below the Table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast Variance	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	1,223	154	12.59
3	Income	(145)	(3)	2.07
4	Other budgets	36	27	75.00
	Total	1,114	178	15.98

- 1) The Commissioning and Partnerships is forecasting a net pressure of £154k on staffing. The directorate is currently undertaking a staffing restructure which will include a realignment of budgets across Children's Services. Whilst the directorate is striving to spend within the approved budget provision, the outcome of the restructure will determine the subsequent forecast spend for the service.
- 2) The service is forecasting income of £148k resulting in a net benefit of £3k. The income predominantly relates to DSG funding allocation and partner contributions to Information Advice and Support Service (IASS) and Northamptonshire Safeguarding Children Partnership (NSCP) services.
- 3) The service will be responsible for external legal fees to support the contract management of Northamptonshire Children's Trust. This was not initially budgeted, therefore resulting in a pressure of £30k. There are other minor savings of £3k.

Northamptonshire Children's Trust

5.19 The forecast outturn position for the **Northamptonshire Children's Trust** is set out in the following Table (Period 7 - £10.382m)

Northamptonshire Children's Trust	£'000
Expenditure	67,645
Income	(4,365)
Net Budget	63,280
Forecast	74,133
Variance	10,853

5.20 The forecast variance relating to the **Northamptonshire Children's Trust** is set out in following Table and explanations for the variances are provided below the Table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast Variance	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Third Party Payments	67,645	10,853	16.04
2	Income	(4,365)	0	0.00
	Total	63,280	10,853	17.15

- 5.21 The Northamptonshire Children's Trust delivers children's social care and targeted early help on behalf of North Northamptonshire Council and West Northamptonshire Council. The Councils set the strategic outcomes and priorities and the Trust is responsible for delivering those outcomes. Services provided by the Trust include:
 - Targeted early help services to children and families.
 - Front door and safeguarding services
 - Support and placements for Children in Care
 - Support and placements for Disabled Children
 - In house fostering and residential provision
 - Commissioning of external placements and contracts
 - Commissioned legal services and transport for children in care.
- 5.22 The total contract value for the Children's Trust is £150.938m. The Councils share of this is £66.654m this reflects how the contract sum is split between North Northamptonshire Council (44.16%) and West Northamptonshire Council (55.84%).
- 5.23 The Children's Trust are forecasting an overspend of £24.577m this is an increase of £1.068m to that previously reported to the Executive where the forecast pressure was £23.509m. The cost to the Council based on an overspend of £24.577m is £10.853m. If these pressures are not mitigated this will pose a significant financial risk to the Council. The Trust are looking at potential mitigations, however there is a risk that this position could worsen before year end. A key risk is the delivery of the efficiency savings of £7.672m which formed part of the contract sum. At present, the Trust is forecasting that £3.017m of these savings are at risk of non-delivery, this could increase the overall pressure from £24.577m to £27.594m. The following table summarises the contract sum and the forecast variances (excluding the risk on savings).

Description	Contract Sum	Forecast Variance Period 7	Movement	Forecast Varia	ance Period 8
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Staffing	49,732	2,826	313	3,139	6.31
Other non staffing					
costs	358	0	0	0	0.00
Placements	66,286	20,199	753	20,952	31.61
Contracts	5,001	0	0	0	0.00
Children's Homes	3,767	212	2	214	5.68
Legal	4,788	511	0	511	10.67
Adoption	7,776	(79)	0	(79)	(1.02)
Transport	2,870	173	0	173	6.03
Other care	5,889	(88)	0	(88)	(1.49)
NCT Central -					
Other budget	(762)	(245)	0	(245)	32.15
Support Services /					
SLA	5,233	0	0	0	0.00
Total	150,938	23,509	1,068	24,577	16.28

5.24 The main pressure within the Children's Trust relates to placements for children in care – this amounts to £20.952m and is an adverse movement of £753k to the pressure of £20.199m reported in Period 7. The market and availability of placements remains challenging. The placements budget will continue to remain under pressure as it remains extremely volatile both locally and nationally. The Trust is working on how these pressures can be mitigated this year and how this can be reduced in future years. The following table provides further detail around the pressures from placements.

Description	Contract Sum	Forecast Variance Period 7	Movement	Forecast Varia	ance Period 8
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
In House Fostering	8,532	51	(188)	(137)	(1.61)
Agecny Fostering	16,895	1,919	97	2,016	11.93
Independent Residential	31,087	7,267	12	7,279	23.41
Supported Accommodation	3,400	10,439	364	10,803	317.74
18+ Agency Placements	4,400	307	219	526	11.95
Welfare Secure	339	(211)	0	(211)	(62.24)
Parent & Baby	910	685	245	930	102.20
UASC	6,918	0	4	4	0.06
Remand Secure	300	185	0	185	61.67
Income	(6,495)	(443)	0	(443)	6.82
Total	66,286	20,199	753	20,952	31.61

5.25 The contract sum included a pay provision of 4%, this was in line with the provision that both North and West Northamptonshire Council included in their budgets. NCT are not aligned to national pay negotiations and a proposed offer aligned to West Northamptonshire Council would require additional funding of

- £1.007m a formal offer has been accepted by the Unions and this is reflected in the outturn. The forecast outturn also reflects a pressure of £1.087m for managed teams. A change control request to increase the contract sum by £2.094m has been made. In addition, there are further staff related pressures of £1.045m.
- 5.26 The legal services budget remains a challenge with increasing demand and additional inflationary costs in this area. The budget forecast is a projected overspend of £511k this is unchanged to Period 7.
- 5.27 There are also pressures on transport costs of £173k, this is unchanged from Period 7 and is as a result of inflationary pressures above the net contract sum of £2.870m. There is a risk that the inflation on transport costs could be above current levels. There are further minor savings which amount to £198k.
- 5.28 As part of the contract negotiations, it was agreed an amount of £2.243m was included for one off investments the Council's share of this was £991k it is currently forecast that this will be delivered within budget.
- 5.29 The Children's Trust Budget is monitored in year through regular meetings between officers of both North and West Northamptonshire Councils and the Trust.

Adults, Health Partnerships and Housing

- 5.30 The revenue budget within this section covers Adult Social Services, Health Partnerships and Housing (excluding the HRA).
- 5.31 Under the 2014 Care Act, local authority Adults Services have a responsibility to make sure that people aged over 18 years who live in their areas are provided with personal day to day care (helping people get dressed, washed, going to the bathroom, eating etc) where they cannot do things for themselves or access family support. The service also provides other physical or psychological support to people with disabilities in order to help them live a full life. The overriding responsibility is to keep people safe and protect them from harm or neglect.
- 5.32 Care can take many forms and can be provided directly by the Council, through contracted organisations or families can receive a personal budget to buy suitable care for themselves. Although receiving formal or long-term care is subject to people meeting the Council's eligibility criteria, the service also has a key responsibility for helping people to stay independent and preventing or delaying the need for care.

Assistant Director of Adult Services

5.33 The Assistant Director of Adult Services is responsible for the strategic planning, engagement, operational and statutory delivery of Adult Social Care This includes the independent care budgets for all people aged over 18 and the social care and reablement teams. The forecast outturn position for the Assistant Director of Adult Services is set out in the following table (Period 7 £6.884 m overspend).

Assistant Director of Adult Services	£'000
Expenditure	119,334
Income	(19,437)
Net Budget	99,897
Forecast	111,182
Variance	11,285

5.34 The forecast outturn relating to the **Assistant Director of Adult Services** is set out in the following table. The overspend assumes most savings detailed in Appendix A are achieved in year. However, £617k of the savings for the increase of the utilisation of Shaw PPP beds for Discharge to Assess is assumed to be at risk of delivery. These savings will continue to be tracked, and any further impact of the achievability will form part of future reports.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast Variance	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	9,195	289	3.14
2	Third Party payments	95,277	11,546	12.12
3	Transfer Payments	14,258	0	0.00
4	Income	(19,437)	(550)	2.83
5	Other budgets	604	0	0.00
	Total	99,897	11,285	11.30

- 1) The employee related costs are currently forecasting an overspend of £289k this is as a result of agency staff owing to the number of vacancies.
- 2) The main areas of spend in relation to Third Party Payments are in respect of independent care spend including Residential and nursing care for both 65+ year old and the 18-64 years old clients. The service is seeing a significant increase in service demand including more people and, in some areas, higher costs. Client numbers have increased since April 2022 by 25% in the 65+ cohort and 15% in the 18-64 cohort with similar costs to existing cohorts. Previously there had been 14 years of stable demand in the 65+ cohort so this level of increase is unprecedented.

During 2022-23 the council received an additional £6m of one-off funding which mitigated the pressures of this increased demand for part of the year, with similar allocations for 2023-24 being expected to meet need for the full year. There are currently no indications that there will be further grant funding that will offset this growth.

Whilst Thackley Green transferred on 1st July 2023, it is still in the transition stage and not yet at full capacity. This will result in some double running costs in the short term but will generate savings through demand management, promoting independence and delivering reablement programmes at a greater scale in future years.

In September 2023, increased spend controls were introduced within adult social care aiming to mitigate against the increased demand, however it is

prudent to highlight a continued negative movement in the forecast as a result of this increased demand. It is important to note that whilst an additional £4.401m risk is being forecast at Period 8 compared to Period 7, the financial risk is higher; however, this is after mitigations have been applied across the directorate, these mitigations and interventions will be closely monitored. Transformation resources within the directorate have also been redirected in order to prioritise additional demand and cost management activity.

- 3) The transfer payments relate to direct payments these costs are currently forecast to be delivered on budget.
- **4)** The main areas of income include client contributions to care costs. This is forecast that an additional £350k is received.
- 5) The main area of spend shown as Other include other support costs this is forecasted to be delivered on budget.
- 5.35 Due to the volatile nature of the Adults Social Care budget, there may be further immerging risks whilst we progress through the financial year. This may include an unexpected increase in demand during the winter period, e.g., an increase in flu and other respiratory diseases, unexpected provider failures, additional pressures from acute hospitals, changes in caselaw and adverse weather. Mitigations would be sought to manage these pressures including, in exceptional circumstances, the use of reserves. This is an area the Council will continue to monitor closely.

Assistant Director of Safeguarding and Wellbeing

5.36 The Assistant Director of Safeguarding and Wellbeing is responsible for the strategic planning, engagement, operational and statutory delivery of key services for Adult Social Care. This includes ensuring services, practice and standards meet statutory requirements and that all professionals work together to deliver Making Safeguarding Personal to promote and secure the safety of local residents. The forecast outturn position for the Assistant Director of Safeguarding and Wellbeing is set out in the following table (Period 7 – overspend £178k).

Assistant Director of Safeguarding and Wellbeing	£'000
Expenditure	10,895
Income	(994)
Net Budget	9,901
Forecast	10,079
Variance	178

5.37 The forecast outturn relating to the **Assistant Director of Safeguarding and Wellbeing** is set out in the following table and explanations for the variances are provided below the Table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast Variance	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	9,700	178	1.84
2	Premises	382	0	0.00
3	Transport	324	0	0.00
4	Supplies and Services	489	0	0.00
5	Income	(994)	0	0.00
	Total	9,901	178	1.80

- 1) The employee related costs are currently forecast to be overspent by £178k this is as a result of agency staff owing to the number of vacancies.
- 2) The premises costs include costs associated with the running of the internal provider services. These are forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 3) The transport costs include £203k for leased cars and other travel costs associated with running the internal care provision. These are forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 4) The supplies and services include £150k of professional fees for the DOLS service and £155k for non-staffing expenses across the internal care provision. These are forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 5) The main income sources are from client contributions towards their care. These are forecast to be delivered on budget.

Assistant Director of Commissioning and Performance

5.38 The Assistant Director of Commissioning and Performance is responsible for ensuring services, practice and standards meet statutory requirements and includes the commissioning and monitoring of Adults Social Care external contract. The forecast outturn position for the Assistant Director of Commissioning and Performance is set out in the following table (Period 7-£983k underspend).

Assistant Director of Commissioning and Performance	£'000
Expenditure	24,243
Income	(10,566)
Net Budget	13,677
Forecast	12,694
Variance	(983)

5.39 The forecast variance relating to the **Assistant Director Commissioning and Performance** is set out in following table and explanations for the variances are provided below the Table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	4,408	65	1.47
2	Third party Payments	18,518	(1,048)	(5.66)
3	Income	(10,566)	0	0.00
4	Other	1,317	0	0.00
	Total	13,677	(983)	(7.19)

- 1) The employee related costs are currently forecast to be an overspend of £65k this is as a result of agency staff owing to the number of vacancies.
- 2) The main areas of spend in relation to Third Party Payments are in respect of Better Care fund expenditure and the PPP Shaw contract.

The annual budget for the PPP Shaw contract which is for the provision of six residential care homes across North Northamptonshire for the over 65s is £9.8m. There is a forecast pressure of £970k (9.8%) in relation to this contract. At the time the budget was set it was assumed that the inflationary increase would be £234k this was based on previous trends. The actual increase was based on average weekly earnings up to March 2023. A budget realignment exercise has taken place along with the identification of efficiencies which has resulted in mitigations of £2.018m.

- 3) The main income sources are the Improved Better Care Fund (£6.8m) and Client Contributions from PPP and Block purchased care provision (£1.4m). Other income sources include assistive technology pool contribution, this is forecast to be delivered on budget.
- **4)** Other costs amount to £1.317m and is primarily made up of Community Equipment spend, this is forecast to be delivered on budget.

Assistant Director Strategic Housing, Development and Property Services

5.40 The Assistant Director Strategic Housing, Development and Property Services provides strategic direction and leadership for the delivery of the Housing Service and housing management, this includes support for homeless people. The forecast outturn position for the Assistant Director Strategic Housing, Development and Property Services set out in the following table (Period 7 - £400k).

Assistant Director Strategic Housing, Development and Property Services	£'000
Expenditure	6,463
Income	(3,756)
Net Budget	2,707
Forecast	3,107
Variance	400

5.41 The forecast outturn relating to the Assistant Director **Strategic Housing, Development and Property Services** is set out in the following table. The forecast at Period 6 assumes that the service will be delivered on budget and that any savings detailed in **Appendix A** are achieved in year. Savings will continue to be tracked and changes to the deliverability will form part of future reports.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
		£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	2,275	200	8.79
2	Premises	203	0	0.00
3	Supplies and Services	3,451	200	5.80
4	Third Party Payments	501	0	0.00
5	Other	33	0	0.00
6	Income	(3,756)	0	0.00
	Total	2,707	400	14.78

- 1) The employee related costs are currently forecasting an overspend of £200k in relation to the homelessness service, this is as a result of additional agency costs.
- 2) The main area of spend in relation to premises include cost associated with temporary accommodation £141k. This is forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 3) The main areas of spend relate to temporary accommodation within the homelessness service. This is forecast to be overspent by £200k this is due to the increase in demand in the homelessness service.
- **4)** The third-party payments include payments to private and independent contractors This is forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 5) Other costs include other minor costs. This is forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 6) Income is mainly made up of grants this includes the Homelessness Prevention grant (£1.019m), the Rough Sleepers Initiative (£926k) and other homelessness grants (£565k). In addition, there is income from property rents of £1.076m. The income is forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 5.42 All services across Adults, Health Partnerships and Housing undertake regular budget monitoring, track fluctuations in spend, and work to identify additional efficiencies and savings to either mitigate forecasted overspends within the directorate or to contribute to the overall corporate position in year of the Council. Ongoing work continues to identify any further efficiencies, savings or income that can be identified to improve the overall position in-year, to set budgets for the following year, and in contributing to the medium-term financial strategy.

Public Health and Communities

- 5.43 The **Director of Public Health and Wellbeing** is a statutory officer and the principal adviser on all health matters to elected members, officers, and partners, with a leadership role spanning health improvement, health protection and healthcare public health. This includes delivering core public health services in line with grant funding and statutory requirements.
- 5.44 The grant is ringfenced and any variances will result in a movement to or from reserves ensuring that all grant conditions are met.

Director of Public Health and Wellbeing	£'000
Expenditure	26,312
Income	(26,312)
Net Budget	(0)
Forecast	(0)
Variance	0

5.45 The forecast outturn relating to the **Director of Public Health and Wellbeing** is set out in following Table.

Description	Budget	Forecast Variance	
£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Employees	4,891	0	0.00
Supplies & Services	6,808	0	0.00
Support Costs	1,240	0	0.00
Third Party Payments	7,620	0	0.00
Transfer Payments	5,635	0	0.00
Income	(26,312)	0	0.00
Other	118	0	0.00
Total	0	0	0.00

Assistant Director Communities and Leisure

5.46 The Assistant Director Communities and Leisure includes libraries, cultural facilities (such as museums, theatres, art galleries and heritage sites), sports and leisure facilities (such as swimming pools, tennis courts, golf, playing pitches, indoor courts/sports halls etc), archaeological archiving and activities and access to parks and open spaces for play and recreation. The Service is also responsible for community grants as well as providing education and outreach services and advice and support, encouraging physical and mental wellbeing of residents through sport and leisure-based activities The forecast outturn position for the Assistant Director Communities and Leisure is set out in the following Table (Period 7 - £260k)

Assistant Director Communities and Leisure	£'000
Expenditure	17,944
Income	(8,945)
Net Budget	8,999
Forecast	8,739
Variance	(260)

5.47 The forecast outturn relating to the **Assistant Director of Communities and Leisure** is set out in following table and explanations for the variances are provided in the paragraphs that follow.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	7,661	0	0.00
2	Premises	3,034	0	0.00
3	Supplies & Services	4,106	140	3.41
4	Third Party Payments	3,699	0	0.00
5	Income	(8,945)	(400)	4.47
6	Other	(556)	0	0.00
	Total	8,999	(260)	0.00

- 1) The employee related costs are currently forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 2) The premises related costs are currently forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 3) The supplies and services costs are currently forecasting a pressure of £140k this is due to contractual increases. The service is continuing to look at how these costs can be mitigated.
- 4) The third-party payments are mainly made up of £2.893m for payments for the Ukraine resettlement programme these are currently forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 5) The main areas of income include £5.041m of grant income and £2.66m relating to fees and charges. The income is forecast to be £400k greater than budget and is a result of changes in VAT.
- **6)** Other costs are forecast to be delivered on budget.

Place and Economy Directorate

- 5.48 The Place and Economy budget covers the following four functional areas plus Management Costs:
 - Assets and Environment
 - Growth and Regeneration
 - Highways and Waste

Regulatory Services

Assistant Director Assets and Environment

5.49 The Assistant Director Assets and Environment, includes Facilities Management, Property Estate Management, Energy and Fleet Management, Grounds Maintenance, Parks and Open Spaces and On and Off-street parking enforcement. It also includes Asset and Capital Management of the Council's corporate assets and capital programmes, together with the effective management of the Council's strategic assets and landholdings. Key income and cost drivers include parking income, number of visitors to country parks and open space, demand for commercial rental spaces, use of corporate workspaces and use of energy. The forecast outturn position for the Assistant Director of Assets and Environment is set out in the following table (Period 7 - £1.080m).

Assistant Director Assets and Environment	£'000
Expenditure	25,160
Income	(21,110)
Net Budget	4,050
Forecast	2,971
Variance	(1,079)

5.50 The forecast variance relating to the **Assistant Director Assets and Environment** is set out in following Table and explanations for the variances are provided below the Table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast Variance	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	10,242	(622)	(6.07)
2	Premises	9,246	166	1.80
3	Transport	4,591	(195)	(4.25)
4	Supplies and Services	1,566	28	1.79
5	Third Party Payments	1,024	69	6.74
6	Income	(21,110)	(479)	2.27
7	Other	(1,508)	(46)	3.05
	Total	4,050	(1,079)	(26.64)

- 1) The underspend of £622k (6.07%) against Employees relates to staff underspends from vacant posts due to ongoing work on restructures. Work is underway to recruit to posts through the restructure during 2023/24.
- 2) The main areas of spend within Premises are Business Rates (£1.592m), Utilities (£3.392m), Building Repairs and Maintenance (£1.718m), Rents and Service Charges (£856k), Building cleaning (£538k) and other premises costs of £1.150m.

There is a pressure of £401k relating to outstanding liabilities for business rates (£283k), cleaning costs (£42k), Water charges (£29k) and further minor net pressures which amount to £47k. This is offset by a saving of £177k on utility costs across the service. There is also a £58k underspend on Repairs and Maintenance based on the current programme of works and the realignment of budgets to support repairs required across the portfolio.

3) The main areas of spend within Transport relates to Vehicle leasing (£3.047m), Fuel (£1.245m) and other transport costs (£299k).

There is an overall saving of £195k (4.26%) based on the current cost of fuel being lower than anticipated and reflects the reduction in the cost of fuel.

- 4) There is an overall pressure of £28k (1.79%) on Supplies and Services. £63k (23% of the £268k Equipment and Tools Budget) which relates to the maintenance of play equipment. Other minor savings amount to £35k.
- 5) There is an overall pressure of £69k (6.79%) within Third Party Payments of which £46k relates to a Private Contractor for Ash dieback trees works. Other minor pressures amount to £23k.
- 6) The main income sources are Rent and Leases (£16.453m), Parking Income (£2.192m) and various other forms of income amounting to £2.464m.

There is a pressure of £86k relating to external income that the Council had budgeted to receive to fund posts for projects such as Corby Town Funds. This pressure is offset by additional grant funding received for tree maintenance within Environment Services of £116k (51% of £226k Grants budget). There is also additional income from rent reviews (£449k).

7) Other minor net pressures amount to £46k.

Assistant Director Growth and Regeneration

5.51 The Assistant Director Growth and Regeneration includes Planning Services, Economic Development, Growth and Infrastructure, Regeneration, Digital Infrastructure, Climate Change and Flood and Water Management. Key income/costs drivers include local demand and volume of applications for the Planning service, including major development fees, availability of Planning resources e.g., planning professionals and demand for economic activities. The forecast outturn position for the Assistant Director of Growth and Regeneration is set out in the following Table (Period 7 - £114k).

Assistant Director Growth and Regeneration	£'000
Expenditure	10,103
Income	(5,501)
Net Budget	4,602
Forecast	4,716
Variance	114

5.52 The forecast variance relating to the **Assistant Director Growth & Regeneration** is set out in following Table. Explanations for the variances are provided below the Table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	6,329	95	1.50
2	Supplies and Services	3,668	282	7.69
3	Income	(5,501)	(200)	3.64
4	Other	106	(63)	(59.43)
	Total	4,602	114	2.48

- 1) There is a pressure of £95k (1.57%) within Employees which relates to agency costs to cover vacant posts, which are predominantly covering vacancies due to the restructure of the service and challenges with recruiting hard to fill posts, particularly in the Planning Service. Work is underway to recruit to these posts following the restructure in 2023/24.
- 2) There is a pressure of £282k within Supplies and Services. This variance relates to professional and legal fees associated with appeals and judicial reviews within Planning Management and Enforcement.
- 3) The main income sources are Planning Income (£2.89m) and other income, mainly external grants, which amounts to (£2.82m).

There is currently additional income of (£200k) (6.92%) forecast for planning income based on received and forecasted income for the financial year. This is due to Planning Performance Agreements that have been negotiated with a number of developers on major schemes.

The Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities responded to its consultation on increasing planning fees and performance which will result in an increase to Fees and Charges relating to Planning applications. The new fees will come into force from 6th December 2023. It should be noted that the forecast for the remaining year is influenced by the result of the current economy, with both inflationary cost increases and an increased cost of borrowing detrimentally affecting investment in development.

4) There are minor savings amounting to £63k.

Assistant Director Highways and Waste

5.53 The Assistant Director for Highways and Waste includes street cleaning, waste and recycling collections and disposals, including the household waste and recycling centres and Transport Management. The highways services maintain the extensive network of public roads, footpaths, and rights of way, including highway related infrastructure such as streetlights, traffic signals, bridges, gullies, and highway trees. Services also include School Transport and Concessionary fares. Key cost drivers include the tonnes of waste materials collected from households, businesses, and litter bins for recycling and disposal, variations to costs per tonnage, investment on various highway assets, as well

as the impact of extreme weather conditions, school age population for school transport and the agility of the older population for concessionary fares. The forecast outturn position for the **Assistant Director of Highways and Waste** is set out in the following Table (Period 7 - £315k).

Assistant Director Highways and Waste	£'000
Expenditure	67,680
Income	(9,798)
Net Budget	57,882
Forecast	57,614
Variance	(268)

5.54 The forecast variance relating to the **Assistant Director for Highways and Waste** is set out in following Table. Explanations for the variances are provided below the Table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	10,375	795	7.66
2	Supplies and Services	9,795	182	1.86
3	Transport	19,341	(388)	(2.01)
4	Third Party Payments	28,998	36	0.12
5	Income	(9,798)	(927)	9.46
6	Other	(829)	34	(4.10)
•	Total	57,882	(268)	(0.46)

- 1) There is a pressure on Employees of £853k mainly relating to overtime and agency costs within Refuse and Recycling, work is ongoing to mitigate these pressures as part of a restructure. This is offset by a saving of £58k within Transport services & Waste Management due to vacant posts.
- 2) There is a pressure of £182k within Supplies and Services. This consists of a pressure of £65k relating to the Garden waste service (additional developer costs for ongoing direct debit solution) and £95k additional Highways and transport work. There is a Waste Management procurement pressure of 21k.
- 3) The main areas of spend within Transport relate to contract payments for Home to School Transport, Social Care Transport and Concessionary payments to transport operators.

The Department for Transport had requested that authorities continue to reimburse bus operators based on the average number of journeys in the winter months prior to the COVID-19 outbreak (December 2019 to February 2020).

The alternative is that the Council reverts to paying bus operators on the actual number of journeys. Reimbursing bus operators based on the average rather than the actual usage is estimated to be between £500k and £700k higher. The Council's support to the bus industry helps safeguard

local bus services for residents throughout the pandemic and during the recovery period. The forecast underspend is £388k (13% of £2.868m Concessions budget).

The DfT are rebasing the reimbursement methodology for 2024/25 and announcements around this will be made later this year.

4) The main areas of spend relate to Waste Disposal (£17.470m), Street Lighting (£6.638m) and Highways Maintenance (£4.157m) and other third-party payments (£1.757m). These are currently forecast to come in on budget. There are budgetary challenges with regard to Highways Maintenance and the increased requirement for repairs due to the deterioration of the highway network, together with the effect of inflation on the cost of services. Work is ongoing to identify how the service can be delivered differently in order to remain within the allocated budget; this may require a change in approach to maintaining the highways network.

There is a net pressure of £36k relating to the Waste disposal due to increased tonnage levels and treatment costs.

5) There is a favourable variance of £583k within income which relates to the Garden Waste subscription service performing better than initially predicted. It is worth noting that whilst subscriptions have gone up, the associated costs to deliver the service have also increased.

There is also additional income of £312k (92% of £307k Highways income budget) for Highways regulations and investigation searches arising because of higher-than-expected residential developments coming forward, house sales and utility works. Other minor savings amount to £32k.

6) Other minor pressures amount to £34k.

Assistant Director Regulatory Services

5.55 The Assistant Director Regulatory Services includes Bereavement Services, Building Control and Local Land Charges, Emergency Planning, Environmental Health and Licensing, Trading Standards, Private Sector Housing and the Travellers Unit. The main income and cost drivers include the local economy and market for Building Control income, age/morbidity demographic rate for bereavement services (burials and cremations), public health demand for Environmental Health services, and legal/statutory obligations for building regulations and licensing. The forecast outturn position for the Assistant Director of Regulatory Services is set out in the following table (Period 7 - £294k).

Assistant Director Regulatory Services	£'000
Expenditure	7,486
Income	(4,249)
Net Budget	3,237
Forecast	2,943
Variance	(294)

5.56 The forecast variance relating to the **Assistant Director Regulatory Services** is set out in following Table. Explanations for the variances are provided below the Table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	6,078	(489)	(8.05)
2	Premises	680	81	11.91
3	Income	(4,249)	73	(1.72)
4	Other	728	41	5.63
	Total	3,237	(294)	(9.08)

- 1) There is an underspend of £489k (8%) within Employees primarily relating to salary savings which is offsetting the pressure on agency costs to support service delivery across Regulatory Services pending the restructuring of the service during 2023/24. An MTFP saving for 2023/24 of £185k for the restructure within Regulatory Services was approved of which £155k has been identified, leaving a pressure of £30k which will be covered by vacancies across the service. Work is currently being undertaken within the service area to deliver the saving.
- 2) The main areas of spend relate to Grounds Maintenance (£266k), Business Rates (£135k), Utilities (£213k) and other premises costs of £76k.

There are minor pressures of £65k within premises relating to increased business rates and utility pressures in Bereavement Services. Other minor pressures amount to £16k.

3) The main income sources are Bereavement Services (£2.226m), Building Control and Local Land Charges Income (£1m), Licensing Income (£683k), other minor income sources which amount to £340k.

The overall income forecast is a pressure of £73k. The forecast outturn for income from Bereavement Services is £117k higher than budget this is reflective of the 2022/23 outturn and activity levels remain similar in 2023/24. This is offset by a pressure on Building Control income where income levels are forecast to be £190k lower than budget with the forecast being based on 2022/23 activity levels due to a combination of unachievable income targets, market share reduction and the economic climate.

4) There is a minor pressure amounting to £41k.

Place and Economy Management

5.57 This area includes the management costs for the Place and Economy Directorate and is forecasting a pressure of £66k due to agency costs and advertising (Period 7 - £66k).

Directorate Management	£'000
Expenditure	665
Income	0
Net Budget	665
Forecast	731
Variance	66

Enabling & Support Services

Finance, Performance, Procurement and Revenues and Benefits

5.58 The **Finance and Performance Service** is responsible for leading the management, development, performance and continuous improvement of all Finance, Audit and Risk services. The **Procurement Service** leads on all aspects of procurement delivery, category management, commissioning and contract management. The **Revenue and Benefits Service** is responsible for the collection of both Council Tax and Business Rates and in assessing, awarding and payment of benefits. The forecast outturn position for these services is set out in the following table (Period 7 – £1.343m).

Finance, Performance, Procurement and Revenue and Benefits Service	£'000
Expenditure	86,047
Income	(69,080)
Net Budget	16,967
Forecast	15,549
Variance	(1,418)

5.59 The forecast variance for the **Finance**, **Performance**, **Procurement and Revenues and Benefits Service** is set out below. Explanations for the variances are provided below the table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	17,016	(1,736)	(10.20)
2	Supplies & Services	3,915	443	11.32
3	Transfer Payments	64,711	0	0.00
4	Other	405	(38)	(9.38)
5	Income	(69,080)	(87)	0.13
	Total	16,967	(1,418)	(8.36)

1) A saving of £1.736m is forecast for Employees (Period 7 - £1.661m). This is partly due to forecast savings as a result of vacancies within the Procurement team (£143k), the Internal Audit team (£224k), Finance Team (£75k) and the Performance team (£103k). In addition, there are further forecast in year savings relating to employer's superannuation payments (£1.250m) and Unfunded Pensions (£65k). These savings are partially offset by a pressure from the use of agency staff within the Revenues & Benefits team (£124k).

- 2) There is a forecast pressure of £443k within Supplies and Services (Period 7 £443k). This pressure is a combination of an increase in Insurance premiums of £300k and a net pressure of £143k within the Revenues and Benefits Service, which mainly arises from a legal requirement to write to all direct debit customers following the implementation of the Council's new revenues system.
- 3) Transfer Payments relate to Housing Benefit payments, which are forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 4) Amounts shown within Other costs are largely payments to the Lead Authority Board for shared services provided to the Council (£619k), where there is a forecast net saving of £38k (Period 7 £38k). This is due to a pressure in the Account Payable and Receivable functions (£97k) being offset by savings on historic LGSS inter-authority charge budgets (£116k) and other minor savings of £19k.
- 5) The main areas of Income are Housing Benefit Subsidy and income received from government to cover the costs of collecting NNDR & Council Tax. There is a forecast net saving of £87k (Period 7 £87k), arising from £172k grant funding received by the Revenues & Benefits service to offset the costs of additional work undertaken during the cost-of-living crisis. This additional income is partially offset by unachievable legacy income targets of £85k.

Chief Executive's Office

5.60 The functions managed through the **Chief Executive's Office** include the Chief Executive, the Assistant Chief Executive, Executive Support, Communications, Consultation, Engagement and Corporate Equalities, Print Room and the Web Team. The service supports teams across the authority, providing leadership and strategic direction to secure a cohesive and coordinated approach to the delivery of improved organisation-wide service provision, resource allocation and prioritisation. The forecast outturn position for the **Chief Executive's Office** is set out in the following table (Period 7 - £378k).

Chief Executive's Office	£'000
Expenditure	1,393
Income	(27)
Net Budget	1,366
Forecast	912
Variance	(454)

5.61 The forecast variance for the Chief Executives Office is set out in following table. Explanations for the variances are provided below the table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	1,824	(497)	(27.25)
2	Supplies & Services	432	33	7.64
3	Other	(863)	0	0.00
4	Income	(27)	10	(37.04)
	Total	1,366	(454)	(33.24)

- 1) There are anticipated savings within the Executive Support, Communications and Printing services of £497k (Period 7 £413k). This is due to staff vacancies within the team's new structure, which are actively being recruited (£742k), partially offset by the use of agency staff (£245k).
- 2) Although the main areas of spend within Supplies and Services are printing and postage costs for the corporate print and post rooms, the forecast pressure of £33k is due to inflationary increases in corporate subscriptions of £20k (Period 7 £20k) and other minor pressures £13k (Period 7 £5k).
- 3) 'Other' spend relates to internal recharges and is forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 4) The income budget relates to printing on behalf of third-party organisations. There is an anticipated pressure of £10k as demand for these services has fallen.

Chief Information Officer

5.62 The **Chief Information Officer** is responsible for the delivery of efficient and effective management of all aspects of IT operations, Digital, IT programmes of work, IT commercial contracts and supplier relationships, IT Service delivery teams and for transforming the IT and Digital Services team. This includes managing IT services provided by West Northamptonshire Council. The forecast outturn position for the **Chief Information Officer** is set out in the following Table (Period 7 - £298k).

Chief Information Officer	£'000
Expenditure	10,407
Income	(2)
Net Budget	10,405
Forecast	10,703
Variance	298

5.63 The forecast variance relating to the **Chief Information Officer** is set out in following table and explanations for the variances are provided below the table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	2,292	100	4.36
2	Supplies & Services	5,110	(186)	(3.64)
3	Third Party Payments	3,609	384	10.64
4	Other	(606)	0	0.00
	Total	10,405	298	2.86

- 1) Employee costs are forecast as a pressure of £100k (Period 7 £100k). This comprises a pressure of £91k, arising from staff costs that were previously capitalised. These costs can no longer be treated as capital where the system is Cloud based, as this is a revenue cost. A further £245k pressure arises from agency costs and both are partially offset by forecast savings from vacant posts of £236k.
- 2) A saving of £186k is forecast in Supplies and Services, where the main areas of spend are software license costs, data line rental and telephone costs. The saving is made up of savings on software licences (£194k), mainly relating to Microsoft licences, offset by minor pressures (£8k).
- 3) Third Party Payments relate to the shared IT service with WNC. The pressure reflects estimated inflationary increases within this arrangement, which amount to £384k (Period 7 £384k). Detailed work is ongoing to identify and evaluate other pressures within the WNC IT Shared Service.
- 4) 'Other' relates to internal income recharges and these are forecast to be delivered on budget.

Customer and Governance

Assistant Director of Human Resources

5.64 The **Assistant Director of Human Resources** is responsible for the leadership, development and implementation of relevant strategies for the area and council, enabling the delivery of corporate HR priorities, including HR Advisory, Workforce Planning & Development, Learning & Development and Health & Safety. The forecast outturn position for the **Assistant Director of Human Resources** is set out in the following Table (Period 7 - £50k).

Assistant Director of Human Resources	£'000
Expenditure	5,469
Income	(1,537)
Net Budget	3,932
Forecast	3,882
Variance	(50)

5.65 The forecast outturn relating to the **Assistant Director of Human Resources** is set out in following Table:

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	5,204	(66)	(1.27)
2	Supplies & Services	500	(53)	(10.60)
3	Third Party Payments	418	0	0.00
4	Other	(653)	(7)	1.07
5	Income	(1,537)	76	(4.94)
	Total	3,932	(50)	(1.27)

- 1) Employees budgets have forecast savings of £66k, which relate to transitional vacancies carried in year.
- 2) The main areas of spend in Supplies and Services arise from work on the Pay & Grading project (£100k) and I-learn licences (£91k) and both are forecast to be delivered on budget. There is a net forecast saving of £53k (Period 7 £53k) arising from underspends against occupational health budgets (£40k) and other professional services budgets (£44k), partially offset by an increased demand for learning and development within the Adults Directorate (£31k).
- The main area of spend in Third Party payments is the recharge from WNC for the shared Payroll function and this is forecast to be delivered on budget.
- 4) 'Other' relates to support service recharges. There are minor forecast savings totalling £7k.
- 5) Income is mainly generated through Inter Authority Agreements (IAA) with WNC and NCT and a net pressure of £76k is forecast. This arises from a pressure of £90k relating to apprenticeship delivery, partially offset by minor savings of £14k.

Assistant Director of Legal and Democratic Services

5.66 The Assistant Director of Legal and Democratic Services is responsible for developing and delivering a strong governance and ethical framework and the management of the internal Legal Services Team, Democratic & Election Services, FOI & Data Governance and Registration and the Coroners Services. The forecast outturn position for the Assistant Director of Legal and Democratic Services is set out in the following Table (Period 7 – £300k).

Assistant Director of Legal and Democratic	£'000
Expenditure	6,127
Income	(876)
Net Budget	5,251
Forecast	5,551
Variance	300

5.67 The forecast variance relating to the **Assistant Director of Legal Services** is set out in the following Table and explanations for the variances are provided below the Table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	3,702	77	2.08
2	Supplies & Services	2,152	(15)	(0.70)
3	Third Party Payments	762	179	23.49
4	Other	(489)	(21)	4.29
5	Income	(876)	80	(9.13)
	Total	5,251	300	5.71

- 1) The forecast pressure on the Employees budget of £77k (Period 7 £77k) is due to vacancies £1.272m (Period 7 £1.272m), offset by the use of agency staff £1.349m (Period 7 £1.349m). The majority of the use of agency staff is in Legal Services.
- 2) The main areas of expenditure within Supplies and Services are members allowances, ward initiative funds and external legal fees. There are minor forecast savings of £15k (Period 7 £15k).
- 3) The main area of spend within Third Party Payments is the shared coroners service with WNC, where there is a forecast pressure of £179k (Period 7 £179k).
- 4) 'Other' relates mainly to support service recharges, members travel expenses and staff mileage. There is a forecast saving of £21k (Period 7 £21k) relating to a series of minor items.
- 5) The main areas of income are Legal fees (£200k) and Registration Services fees (£630k). There are also other minor income sources within the service (£46k). There is a forecast pressure of £80k within Registration Services due to a lower number of marriage ceremonies being delivered this year.

Assistant Director of Customer Services

5.68 The **Assistant Director of Customer Services** is responsible for leading and implementing the transformation and aggregation of all the Customer Service and Complaints teams and for setting the key priorities and direction for Customer Services and Complaints in line with the corporate plan. The role is also responsible for the leadership, development and implementation of customer and digital strategies for the council, to deliver an improved customer experience and the administration of the 'Blue Badges' parking scheme. The forecast outturn position for the **Assistant Director of Customer Services** is set out in the following Table (Period 7 – £141k).

Assistant Director Customer Services	£'000
Expenditure	2,338
Income	(108)

Net Budget	2,230
Forecast	2,045
Variance	(185)

5.69 The forecast outturn relating to the **Assistant Director of Customer Services** is set out in the following table.

Ref	Description	Budget	Forecast Variance	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
1	Employees	3,049	(158)	(5.18)
2	Supplies & Services	157	(27)	(17.20)
3	Other	(868)	0	0.00
4	Income	(108)	0	0.00
	Total	2,230	(185)	(8.30)

- 1) There is a forecast saving on Employees of £158k due to vacant posts within the Customer Service team (Period 7 £140k).
- 2) Although the main area of spend within Supplies and Services relates to the issuing of Blue badges (£70k), the saving of £27k (Period 7 £1k) arises from a series of minor budgets.
- 3) Other budgets are internal recharges and are expected to be delivered on budget.
- 4) The income budget relates to the issuing of blue badges (£80k) and rent from the NHS Phlebotomy unit in the Kettering Offices (£28k). These are anticipated to be delivered on budget.

6 Housing Revenue Account

6.1 Whilst North Northamptonshire Council must only operate one HRA it will, for a period of time, operate two separate Neighbourhood Accounts (Corby Neighbourhood Account and the Kettering Neighbourhood Account).

Corby Neighbourhood Account

6.2 The forecast position for the Corby Neighbourhood Account at the end of Period 8 shows an underspend of £158k (Period 7 - £94k underspend). This is summarised in the following Table:

Corby Neighbourhood Account							
	Current	Projection	Forecast				
	Budget 2023/24	P8 2023/24	Variance				
	£000	£000	£000				
INCOME							
Rents - Dwellings Only	20,692	20,698	(6)				
Service Charges	641	603	38				
HRA Investment Income	148	148	0				
Total Income	21,481	21,449	32				
EXPENDITURE							
Repairs and Maintenance	6,440	6,804	364				
General Management	5,438	4,969	(469)				
HRA Self Financing	2,125	2,061	(64)				
Revenue Contribution to Capital	4,875	5,061	186				
Transfer To / (From) Reserves	807	807	0				
Special Services	1,014	876	(138)				
Other	782	713	(69)				
Total Expenditure	21,481	21,291	(190)				
Net Operating Expenditure	0	(158)	(158)				

- 6.3 The forecast position for rental income from dwellings at Period 8 is £6k higher than budget a rent gain of £68k is a result of the Right to Buy Sales being 15 less than the budgeted amount of 50 in 2022/23, resulting in a higher number of dwellings on 1st April 2023 resulting in a higher rental yield. RTB sales were budgeted at 50 the current forecast is 40 which results in a rent gain of £23k being the part year effect from RTB sales. The reduction is in part from the current economic climate and the increased costs in borrowing, however, this is reduced by a shortfall of £85k due to lost income from a higher void rate. The number of sales and void rates are areas that will be closely monitored during the course of the year.
- 6.4 The pressure on income from Service Charges is £38k this is a result of a £19k increase in the budget not being realised and £19k of optional emergency alarm charges not being taken up in the sheltered schemes.
- 6.5 The forecast position for Period 8 includes a total reduction in expenditure of £190k (Period 7 £126k). The movements are set out in Sections 6.6 to 6.10.
- 6.6 There are pressures on repairs and maintenance costs of £364k, which relate to the higher cost of general repairs (£222k), overspends on salaries due to pay award (£110k) and agency costs (£41k), and overspends on services costs due to disrepair claims (£139k). These are partly offset by savings on insurance (£50k) and increased income from recharged services (£100k). There are other minor adverse variances of £2k.
- 6.7 There are savings of £469k in General Management and £138k in Special Services. This relates to salary savings due to vacant posts and pension costs (£423k) which is reduced by pay award pressures (£93k); savings on insurance (£194k), savings on services (£40k) and utilities (£42k) due to lower-than-expected costs. There were further minor favourable variances of £1k.

- 6.8 There is a saving of £64k against the HRA Self-financing line which relates to savings on loan interest charges due to loans not being enacted. This is as a result of a lower spend on the HRA capital programme resulting in a saving on interest costs.
- 6.9 The HRA holds a depreciation charge that recognises the cost of managing and maintaining the Council stock at the current level. This funding represents a revenue cost to the HRA that is then used to support the capital programme to deliver the required enhancements to the stock to keep it fit for purpose. The Revenue Contribution to Capital Expenditure (RCCO) as a minimum must equal the depreciation charge, owing to the increase in the value of the stock this has resulted in a higher deprecation charge of £186k, which will be available to fund future capital programmes.
- 6.10 There are savings within 'Other' of £69k which relates to the bad debt provision being £43k less than budgeted owing to higher collection on arrears (Period 7 £50k), there are further net favourable variances which amount to £26k. The contingency budget of £66k has been used in full to part fund the higher payaward.

Kettering Neighbourhood Account

6.11 The forecast position for the Kettering Neighbourhood Account at the end of Period 8 shows an overspend of £279k (Period 7 - £279k overspend). This is summarised in the following Table:

Kettering Neighbourhood Account								
	Current	Projection	Forecast					
	Budget	P8	Variance					
	2023/24	2023/24						
	£000	£000	£000					
INCOME								
Rents - Dwellings Only	16,763	16,768	(5)					
Service Charges	487	444	43					
HRA Investment Income	21	21	0					
Total Income	17,271	17,233	38					
EXPENDITURE								
Repairs and Maintenance	4,632	4,817	185					
General Management	2,988	2,838	(150)					
HRA Self Financing	4,986	4,986	0					
Revenue Contribution to Capital	3,268	3,604	336					
Transfer To / (From) Reserves	(565)	(565)	0					
Special Services	1,257	1,225	(32)					
Other	705	607	(98)					
Total Expenditure	17,271	17,512	241					
Net Operating Expenditure	0	279	279					

6.12 The forecast position for rental income from dwellings at Period 8 is £5k higher than budget – a rent gain of £67k is a result of the Right to Buy Sales being 14 less than the budgeted amount of 30 in 2022/23, resulting in a higher number of dwellings on 1st April 2023 resulting in a higher rental yield. RTB sales were

budgeted at 30 the current forecast is 17 which results in a rent gain of £31k being the part year effect from RTB sales. The reduction is in part from the current economic climate and the increased costs in borrowing, however, this is reduced by a shortfall of £93k due to lost income from a higher void rate. The number of sales and void rates are areas that will be closely monitored during the course of the year.

- 6.13 There are pressures of £43k as a result of income from service charges being lower than budget.
- 6.14 The forecast position for Period 8 is a pressure in expenditure of £241k (Period 7 £26k). The movements are set out in Sections 6.15 to 6.18.
- 6.15 There are pressures in Repairs and Maintenance of £185k, which relates to the higher cost for materials (£167k), overspends on salaries due to pay award (£89k) and pressures from agency costs (£67k). These are partly offset by savings on subcontractor costs (£26k), equipment costs (£38k) and cyclical maintenance costs (£95k). There are also minor adverse variances of £21k.
- 6.16 There are savings of £150k in General Management and £32k in Special Services. This relates to salary savings due to vacant posts and pension costs (£258k) which is reduced by pay award pressures (£92k); There were further minor favourable variances of £16k.
- 6.17 The HRA holds a depreciation charge that recognises the cost of managing and maintaining the Council stock at the current level. This funding represents a revenue cost to the HRA that is then used to support the capital programme to deliver the required enhancements to the stock to keep it fit for purpose. The Revenue Contribution to Capital Expenditure (RCCO) as a minimum must equal the depreciation charge, owing to the increase in the value of the stock this has resulted in a higher deprecation charge of £336k, which will be available to fund future capital programmes.
- 6.18 There are savings within 'Other' of £98k which relates to the bad debt provision being £98k less than budgeted owing to higher collection on arrears (Period 7 £98k). The contingency budget of £176k has been used in full to part fund the higher pay award.

7 Dedicated Schools Grant

- 7.1 The Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) is a ring-fenced specific grant allocated to the Council by the Government to support a range of education related services.
- 7.2 The Department for Education (DfE) currently operate a four-block funding model for funding schools and pre-16 education including early years as set out in the following table:

Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)								
Schools Block Central Schools High Needs Early Years Services Block Block Block								
The School's Block is the largest element of the DSG and is allocated to Schools and Academies for day-to-day spending in their individual budgets.	The Central Schools Block provides funding for local authorities to carry out central functions on behalf of maintained schools and academies.	The High Needs funding system supports provision for Children and Young People with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) from their early years to age 25.	The Early Years Block provides funding for 2, 3 and 4-year-olds.					

7.3 The original DSG Budget for 2023/24 amounts to £354.963m. After allowing for recoupment, which is where a local authority's DSG allocation is adjusted to reflect the grant that has been paid direct to academies. In July, the DSG allocation was revised to reflect a reduction of £537k, there was a reduction of £382k in the Early Years Block due to lower participation numbers, this was partially offset by a slight increase in the High Needs Block of £74k resulting from additional funding for special free schools. The remaining reduction of £229k relates to the recoupment amount for the High Needs Block being adjusted from £10.853m to £11.082m this is due to an adjustment to the High Needs places. The revised net DSG budget for the Council is £120.663m. The forecast outturn is a pressure of £9.019m, this is summarised in the following Table:

Dedicated Schools Gr	ants Forec	ast Outturn					
Block	Gross Budget	July DSG Allocation Adjustmen t	Revised Budget	Recoupment	Net Budget	Forecast Net Spend	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Schools Block	270,284	0	270,284	222,910	47,374	47,374	0
Central Schools Block	3,287	0	3,287	0	3,287	3,287	0
High Needs Block	57,851	74	57,925	11,082	46,843	55,862	9,019
Early Year Block	23,541	(382)	23,159	0	23,159	23,159	0
Total	354,963	(308)	354,655	233,992	120,663	129,682	9,019

7.4 The national pressure on services to support the education of children with additional needs is well documented. This has been exacerbated by the ongoing impacts of COVID on children and young people's health and wellbeing. Many Councils are struggling to contain expenditure within the budget available to meet needs. The mitigation actions that are available often have front loaded costs and benefits are felt over the course of many years. Whilst funding has been increased, this has not reflected the full increase in needs that are being identified.

- 7.5 In the financial year 2022/23 NNC reported an overspend of £1.743m on the HNB. This was offset against the historic surplus of £2.573m brought forward from 2021/22. A net adjustment of £110k has been made to the reserves to reflect Early Years clawback, resulting in an opening reserves position of £720k. For 2023/24, pressures have continued to increase, and it is now forecast that the HNB will be overspent by £9.739m. The remaining reserves of £720k have been used to partly mitigate this, leaving a forecast overspend of £9.019m. The composition of these pressures prior to the use of reserves is as follows:
 - The ongoing increase in the number of requests for Education, Health and Care Plans (EHCP), at Early Years and statutory school age, has exceeded the rate that was used in setting the budget, this pressure is forecast to be around £1.976m.
 - Sufficiency issues in local SEND placements meaning greater use of Independent Providers at significantly higher cost, this pressure is forecast to be around £2.905m.
 - The identification of historic commitments that remain outstanding and must now be paid is a one-off pressure and amount to around £500k.
 - Pressures in Mainstream Top Ups are related to an ongoing increase in the number of requests for statutory assessment over and above the level budgeted for. By supporting mainstream schools to meet higher levels of need, pressure is reduced on the specialist placement budgets, this pressure is forecasted to around £2.252m.
 - Further analysis has been conducted on the Alternative Provision budget, the pressure is forecasted to be around £2.180m. This reflects the impact of the limited access NNC has to high quality AP places locally. As a result, more pupils are having to be provided with individual tutoring to ensure they have the required access to education. This significantly increases costs and restricts the breadth of curriculum that can be offered. Efforts are ongoing to create additional AP in NNC, including a strategic partnership with an outstanding Academy Trust that was brokered by DfE, and a bid for a new AP school in NNC, the outcome of which is due in Autumn 2023.
 - The High Needs budget saw an increase due to an adverse movement in the import-export review and an increase in funding allocated to Special schools the net favourable effect was a £74k increase.
- 7.6 Significant work has already been undertaken to put in place actions to mitigate pressures, these include:
 - Collaborative work with two local special schools to create outreach service to support inclusion in mainstream settings and identify needs, and strategies to meet these, at the earliest opportunity.
 - The creation of additional SEND places in Special Schools and Special School satellite provision on mainstream school sites.

- The creation of new SEND units in mainstream schools.
- Development of an early Years SEND provision.
- Partnership working with an outstanding Alternative Provision (AP)
 Academy Trust to create new capacity in NNC.
- Improved commissioning arrangements with independent providers to control costs and provide greater consistency of delivery.
- Joint commissioning work with health services to improve and widen provision of Speech and Language services.
- Greater focus on the Annual Review process to identify where needs have reduced or an EHCP is no longer required.
- Investment in the EHCP team to ensure needs are assessed in as accurate and timely manner as possible.
- Improved decision-making processes that ensure thresholds and funding decisions are robust and consistent.
- 7.7 This work is ongoing, and a key focus will be the identification of opportunities to create further capacity. NNC was not successful in a bid to DfE for a new Special Free School in the area, as such other routes to creating this capacity are being investigated. A separate bid for a Free AP provision is with DfE and an outcome is expected shortly.
- 7.8 Further opportunities to create SEND places are being developed in partnership with local Special and Mainstream schools. The impact of the outreach services is being assessed with a view to extending these and targeting resources as effectively as possible as part of a wider focus on inclusion. A simplification of EHCP funding through the adoption of a banded system will reduce pressure on the EHCP team and give schools and providers greater clarity and stability. The Education Case Management System will offer significantly improved financial functionality and rigour, improve parental access to information about the progress of an EHCP and create efficiencies in the EHCP process.
- 7.9 Where a local authority has an overall deficit on its DSG account at the end of the financial year, or where a surplus has substantially reduced during the year, they must provide information to the DFE about pressures and savings on the High Needs Budget as part of a DSG Deficit Management Plan. In addition, where there is a deficit, this will have an adverse impact on the Council's cashflow position and will impact on the resources available for investment which will result in the investment income being lower.
- 7.10 Looking to 2024/25, it seems unlikely that any increase in government funding will meet the impact of the ongoing pressures identified, however the mitigation actions taken will continue to contribute to minimise these, but further actions will be required and the Schools Forum agreed to a transfer of funding from the

Schools Block (SB) of the DSG to HNB, this amounts to circa £1.5m additional funding for the HNB. Forum will also be asked to look at measures that will support inclusion in mainstream settings and provide challenge where any school may not be meeting this standard.

- 7.11 Identifying and meeting the needs of children and young people with SEND at the earliest opportunity and putting in place appropriate actions to meet these needs, remains the central focus of all of this work. Ensuring that the whole system works in an inclusive and joined up way is key to meeting this aspiration and to ensuring the efficient use of available resources to manage costs effectively.
- 7.12 At Spring Budget, the Chancellor announced additional funding for the existing early years entitlements worth £204m in 2023-24 (from September 2023) and £288m in 2024-25. This is for local authorities to increase hourly rates paid to childcare providers for the government's existing entitlement offers.
- 7.13 In July the Government announced that for 2023-24, that this will be distributed to LAs through a new standalone top-up grant called the Early Years Supplementary Grant (EYSG) the allocation received by NNC is £1.112m for Sept 2023 to March 2024 and this will be allocated on a monthly basis out to providers. From 1st April 2024 the supplement grant will be removed, and the additional funding will form part of the base rate.

8 Conclusions

- 8.1 The P8 forecast for 2023/24 is an overspend of £8.552m (Period 7 £6.198m) A contingency is held to help offset potential costs that were not known at the time of budget setting. Currently £1.524m of the contingency is available to meet further pressures. Service Directors will be working to mitigate these pressures in-year, including those of the Children's Trust. The Council also holds earmarked reserves which may be utilised if mitigations are not identified to fund the current pressures.
- 8.2 The key risks which are set out in the report will continue to be monitored and actions sought as required throughout 2023/24. The achievement of the approved savings targets is also integral to this process and will continue to be monitored and reported.

9 Implications (including financial implications)

9.1 Resources, Financial and Transformation

9.1.1 The financial implications are set out in this report. The current forecast position for the General Fund is an overspend of £8.552m (Period 7 - £6.198m) and the Housing Revenue Account is forecasting an overspend of £121k (Period 7 - £185k overspend), the Dedicated Schools Grant is forecasting a pressure of £9.019m (Period 7 - £8.598m).

9.2 Legal and Governance

- 9.2.1 The provisions of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 set out requirements for the Council to set a balanced budget with regard to the advice of its Chief Finance Officer (Section 151 Officer).
- 9.2.2 The robustness of the budget estimates and the adequacy of the proposed reserves were considered under Section 25 of the Local Government Act 2003 prior to the Council agreeing its 2023/24 budget.

9.3 Relevant Policies and Plans

9.3.1 The budget provides the financial resources to enable the Council to deliver on its plans and meet corporate priorities as set out in the Council's Corporate Plan.

9.4 **Risk**

- 9.4.1 The deliverability of the 2023/24 Revenue Budget is monitored by Budget Managers and Assistant Directors. Where any variances or emerging pressures are identified during the year then mitigating actions will be sought and management interventions undertaken.
- 9.4.2 Details of pressures, risks and mitigating actions implemented will be provided as part of the finance monitoring reports as the year progresses. The main risks identified include demand led services such as Adult Social Care, children's services, and home to school transport together with the impact of high levels of inflation.
- 9.4.3 Whilst services will work hard to offset pressures, the Council holds a number of reserves to help safeguard against the risks inherent within the budget for 2023/24.

9.5 **Consultation**

9.5.1 The 2023/24 budget was subject to consultation prior to approval by Council in February 2023.

9.6 Consideration by Executive Advisory Panel

9.6.1 Not applicable.

9.7 Consideration by Scrutiny

9.7.1 The budget monitoring reports are presented to the Finance and Resources Scrutiny Committee for review after they have been presented to the Executive Committee.

9.8 Equality Implications

9.8.1 There are no specific issues as a result of this report.

9.9 Climate and Environment Impact

9.9.1 Among the new Council's priorities will be putting in place plans to improve the local environment and tackle the ongoing climate emergency. Where these have a financial impact then it will be reflected in the budget.

9.10 **Community Impact**

9.10.1 No distinct community impacts have been identified because of the proposals included in this report.

9.11 Crime and Disorder Impact

9.11.1 There are no specific issues arising from this report.

10 Issues and Choices

10.1 The report focuses on the forecast revenue outturn against budget for 2023/24 and makes recommendations for the Executive to note the current budgetary position and as such there are no specific choices within the report.

11 Background Papers

11.1 The following background papers can be considered in relation to this report.

Final Budget 2023/24 and Medium-Term Financial Plans, including the Council Tax Resolution, North Northamptonshire Council, 23rd February 2023.

Monthly Budget Forecast Reports to the Executive.

Directorate	Assistant Director		Proposal Description	2023/24 £000	Red	Amber	Green
Children & Education	Assistant Director Education	DFE SEND Review/Multi Agency SEND Self Assessment and Action Plan	Additional resources to meet the increase and clear the back log relating to Education and Health Care Plans. An additional amount of £700k was included in the 22/23 Budget.	(175)	(175)		
Children & Education	Assistant Director Education	Teachers Pensions	Budget Realignment for historical contribution for the Teachers Pensions Fund	(275)			(275)
Children & Education	Assistant Director Education	DSG Funding	Budget Realignment of the DSG contribution towards the historical contribution for the Teachers Pensions Fund	(462)			(462)
Children & Education	Commissioning & Partnerships	Additional Demand - Payments to other Establishments	Disaggregated Additional Demand - Payments to other Establishments Budget for Children, Families and Education, budget not utilised	(691)			(691)
Children & Education	Commissioning & Partnerships	Disaggregated Budget not required	Disaggregated Budget - budget not utilised	(412)			(412)
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Adult Services	CCG Discharge Packages Covid 19	Reversal of one off Covid Pressure relating to 2021/22	(513)			(513)
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Adult Services	Strengths based working	Transformation of adult social care pathways and processes to ensure focus on client outcomes, independence, better decision making and best practice approaches to reduce delays and spend.	(587)		(587)	
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Adult Services	Demographic and prevalence pressures adult social care	Reduction in demand due to Provider transformation Phase 1 - Specialist Care Centre	(1,189)		(1,189)	
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Adult Services	Staffing	Savings from review of wider staffing budget to fund Social Worker Market Forces	(100)			(100)
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Safeguarding and Wellbeing	Staffing	Disaggregation of Shared Lives to be managed within the wider provider services staffing	(23)			(23)
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Commissioning & Performance	Shaw PPP	Reduction in number of residential placements made in the independent sector owing to increase utilisation beds in PPP properties.	(1,192)		(1,192)	
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Commissioning & Performance	Shaw PPP	Increase utilisation of capacity within Discharge to Access	(1,058)	(617)	(441)	
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Commissioning & Performance	Contract Rationalisation	Increasing utilisation of framework providers for homecare and reduction of more expensive spot contracts	(67)			(67)
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Commissioning & Performance	Staffing	Saving of wider staffing budget to fund PBSS	(125)		(125)	
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Housing	Homelessness Policy Changes	Harmonisation of Homelessness Policies	(200)			(200)
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Housing	Maximisation of Grant	Capitalisation of posts for work relating to Disabled Facility Grants	(127)			(127)
Adults, Health, Partnerships & Housing	Director of Public Health	Realignment of Grant	Realignment of grant following disaggregation	(138)			(138)
Public Health & Communities	Communities	Income generation	Fees and Charges - Leisure	(195)			(195)
Public Health & Communities	Communities	Efficiencies	Legacy budgets no longer required	(42)			(42)
Public Health & Communities	Communities	Efficiencies	Review of Strategic Grants	(7)			(7)
Public Health & Communities	Communities	Staffing	Service Transformation	(360)			(360)
Public Health & Communities	Communities	Income Generation	External Funding for Events	(30)			(30)
Public Health & Communities	Communities	Efficiencies	Review of Neighbourhood Centres	(45)			(45)
Public Health & Communities	Communities	Income Generation	Introduce an E-Gym offer	(63)			(63)
Public Health & Communities	Communities	Income Generation	Repurposing of Public Health grant to fund wellbeing posts	(93)			(93)
Public Health & Communities	Communities	Public Health Grant	Grant funding to support services in addressing Public Health needs	(500)			(500)

Appendix A

Directorate	Assistant Director	Proposal Title	Proposal Description	2023/24 £000	Red	Amber	Green
Place & Economy	Growth & Regeneration	Increase in Fees & Charges	Increase in Fees & Charges	(10)			(10)
Place & Economy	Assets and Environment	Additional income	Garage Income	(10)	(10)		
Place & Economy	Assets and Environment	Assets & Environment redesign	Assets & Environment Service Improvement and Redesign	(95)		(95)	
Place & Economy	Assets and Environment	Grounds Maintenance	Operational changes to grounds maintenance costs & services	(57)		(57)	
Place & Economy	Assets and Environment	Grounds Maintenance	Purchase of equipment resulting in reduction in equipment hire charges	(15)		(15)	
Place & Economy	Assets and Environment	Grounds Maintenance	Purchase of equipment resulting in reduction in equipment hire charges	(30)		(30)	
Place & Economy	Assets and Environment	Pay/Salaries	Operational changes to cleaning services	(14)		(14)	
Place & Economy	Assets and Environment	Pay/Salaries	Operational changes to Council Buildings.	(31)		(31)	
Place & Economy	Assets and Environment	Rental Income	Additional income from rent reviews across the commercial portfolio.	(80)		(80)	
Place & Economy	Assets and Environment	Enterprise Centre Business Case - Full year effects of previous decisions	Increase in income based on appointed operators business case.	(64)		(64)	
Place & Economy	Growth & Regeneration	Climate Change	Delivery of a range of climate change initiatives to reduce NNC's carbon footprint towards net zero	(250)			(250)
Place & Economy	Highways & Waste	Highways Contract	Demobilisation costs for existing highways contract - reverses one-off pressure which was reflected in the 22/23 Budget	(201)		(201)	
Place & Economy	Highways & Waste	Waste Management	Disposal tonnage - HWRC Residual Waste	(79)		(79)	
Place & Economy	Highways & Waste	Waste Management	Disposal tonnage - HWRC Wood Waste	(27)		(27)	
Place & Economy	Highways & Waste	Green Waste	Harmonisation of Green Waste Charges	(1,358)			(1,358)
Place & Economy	Highways & Waste	Promote food waste	Benefit of promoting the food waste service in the Corby and East Northants area	(50)		(50)	
Place & Economy	Highways & Waste	Refuse fees & charges	Increase refuse & recycling fees & charges	(135)		(135)	
Place & Economy	Highways & Waste	Highways fees & charges	Increase highways & transport fees and charges	(44)			(44)
Place & Economy	Highways & Waste	Review Litter bin network	Reduction in street cleaning costs	(5)			(5)
Place & Economy	Highways & Waste	HWRC Income	Increase income from HWRCs	(153)		(153)	
Place & Economy	Regulatory Services	Restructure	Rationalisation of service provision	(185)		(30)	(155)
Place & Economy	Regulatory Services	Specialist Equipment For Service	Base budget allocation for incident response released	(280)			(280)
Place & Economy	Regulatory Services	Deliverv Increase in Fees & Charges	Increase in Fees & Charges	(227)		(227)	
Enabling Services	Finance & Performance	Pensions	Pension - Historical Pension Fund Deficit	(232)			(232)
Enabling Services	Finance & Performance	Pensions	Reduction in Employer's Pension Contribution Rate	(1,890)		0	(1,890)
Enabling Services	Finance & Performance	Pensions	Disaggregation of Legacy Pensions	(450)			(450)
Enabling Services	Finance & Performance	Housing Benefit Subsidy	Additional income relating to Housing Benefit Subsidy	(5)		(5)	
Enabling Services	Chief Executive's Office	Staffing	Staff Savings	(7)			(7)

Appendix A

Directorate	Assistant Director	Proposal Title	Proposal Description	2023/24 £000	Red	Amber	Green
Enabling Services	Chief Executive's Office	Communications	Communications - Savings on professional services not utilised.	(3)			(3)
Enabling Services	Chief Information Officer	ICT Disaggregation	Upfront work needed for ICT disaggregation - one-off, reversal of 2022/23 pressure	(100)			(100)
Enabling Services	Chief Information Officer	ICT Contract Rationalisation	Rationalisation of service contracts - largely mobile telephone contracts	(50)		(50)	
Enabling Services	Chief Information Officer	ICT application rationalisation	Rationalisation of service usage - largely Microsoft contract	(50)			(50)
Enabling Services	Human Resources	Pay and Grading Review	Delivery of Pay and Grading Review	(120)			(120)
Enabling Services	Legal Services	Fleet	Changes to the operational arrangements for the mayor	(19)			(19)
Enabling Services	Legal Services	Legal Income	Increase in Legal Income target	(150)			(150)
Enabling Services	Legal Services	Upper Tier Legal Services	Anticipated saving from bringing upper tier legal services in house	(100)			(100)
Enabling Services	Customer Services	Customer Services Replacement of Case Management System & Telephone System	Case management system and telephony replacement	(106)			(106)
Enabling Services	Customer Services	Uniforms	Reduction in Staff Uniforms	(8)			(8)
Enabling Services	Customer Services	Staffing	Transformation Staff Savings	(106)			(106)
Corporate	Corporate	Treasury Management	Reversal of Covid Pressure from 2021/22 for £342k - based on interest recovery by 2023/24	(342)			(342)
Corporate	Corporate	Treasury Management	Additional Income generated from higher than anticipated interest rates	(500)			(500)
Corporate	Corporate	Treasury Management	Reduced costs following the repayment of loans	(109)			(109)
			Total	(16,416)	(802)	(4,877)	(10,737)